

CONVENTION OF ARIZONA CATTLEMEN CLOSES WITH YEAR'S WORK COMPLETE

Tucson Next Meeting Place—Endorse Federal Control Of Public Domain—Water Conservation—Settlement Of Soldiers.

Tucson is to entertain the Arizona Cattle Growers' Association when they meet in convention next year. After electing officers for the new year, endorsing important resolutions regarding federal control of public domain, federal appropriation for the destruction of predatory animals, advocating soldier settlement and water conservation, the twelfth annual convention of the cattle growers' association adjourned yesterday afternoon in this city.

The final session of the convention was called to order at 10 o'clock yesterday morning at the American theater. Particularly interesting was the address of Charles E. Hutchinson of the Cleveland Magazine of Cleveland, Michigan, who advocated that the cattlemen of Arizona use the large tracts of unoccupied land in his section of the country for finishing ranches. He pointed out that he had no voice to sell or grow anything away but that he was present at this convention to tell his members that the people of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota had thirty millions of acres of good cattle raising land to offer the cattlemen of the southwest. During the fall of 1917 there was a great demand, said Mr. Hutchinson, for increased production of all kinds of food, and when the demand came for increased meat production the west was already overstocked. The land owners of the upper peninsula of Michigan, at the National Wool Growers convention in 1918, presented definite lease options to western stockmen, which was the first time, said Mr. Hutchinson, that these lands were ever offered to stockmen for grazing purposes. As a result of this offer 42 western grazers came to Michigan and picked out ranches for ranches. During the year 1918, he said, 2,000,000 pounds of meat and 2,000,000 pounds of mutton was sent to the Chicago market.

Westerners Ranch in Michigan
The westerners found the grasses growing there very nutritious and found sufficient good drinking water for their stock, and that the rainfall was so distributed through the summer months so as to protect the country against drought he said. This, he said, was the first year's demonstration of what the westerners could do in this great Lakes section where the United States Department of Interior says there are over 30,000,000 acres of cut-over lands that are idle today, and that would make good farming lands with proper development.

He pointed out that the people of that section do not make great claims as to what the country will do in a year's time, but it is an opportunity where land can be gotten that will develop into a good permanent ranch that will be improved after they have been grazed in a couple of years, and eventually this country will become the greatest dairy section in the United States. He said there was an average of 8 months grazing season and 4 months when you have to feed. The westerners, he said, are not so severe as other northern countries because the lakes temper the climate and these some lakes insure against drought and guard off cyclones, tornadoes, hot and sultry weather.

Mr. Hutchinson said that a year ago he had come to Arizona and interested Mr. King and his partner, M. S. Plummer, in his proposition and as a result they bought a township for their finishing ranch. This ranch, he said, of 22,000 acres has 2 lakes and 2 rivers on it. And from that time a number of stockmen from every part of the Missouri have picked out tracts in Cleveland. This whole Cleveland belt, he continued, is a night's ride from about one third of the population of the United States and the majority of them are consumers. There are found there, he said, over 100,000 farmers that are prospering.

He pointed out that W. B. McBeath one of Arizona's excellent cattlemen carried on the first demonstration in a large way of shipping cattle to Cleveland. The largest shipment of his cattle were on the market when there were 62,000 head of cattle dumped onto the Chicago market one day. But by comparing the day's market reports of Chicago, where his cattle were sold with those of Denver and California, Mr. Hutchinson said, that his cheapest cattle canners sold for

5½c while canners shipped direct from Arizona to the latter two markets sold that same day for 4c.

In closing, he said that tracts of land can be secured there ranging from one section to 100,000 acres, and that stockmen can have terms arranged to suit about suit his own case. He pointed out that they would rather keep Arizona cattlemen in the United States than see them go to South America and survive for their countries, for there is no need going away from the good old U. S. A. for every western visitor who has made a trip to Cleveland says it is the makings of the best grass country in America.

Points Out Value of Public Domain
The next speech was given by B. H. Gibbs, chief of the Santa Fe Field Division, General Land Office, on "Range control and the public domain." He pointed out that the public domain does not afford feed for as much stock as it would be capable of, properly administered, and that the unreserved public domain is grazed in season and out of season and overgrazed at all seasons, and insisted that such a system or lack of it was ruinous. Another point discussed by him was the leasing system, under which the extent of the cattlemen's rights is to be measured in acres, and this system has been unsuccessfully urged for many years and the one great obstacle that has prevented its adoption is the fact that such does not permit of adequate protection to the would-be bona fide settler which the congress and the land department have as little regard for the other sort of settler as the cattlemen have.

He declared that on July 1, 1918, there were 21,254,610 acres of vacant unappropriated and unreserved public land in Arizona, of which 6,829,802 acres were surveyed and 14,424,808 acres were unsurveyed. He urged that the people of Arizona help the government to decide how its grazing lands branch of the government looks to the administrative branch and solicits helpful and constructive suggestions from the people. Under the grazing permit system, he said, the government could exercise a closer supervision in permitting entries for public lands is to be made. He said that he hoped to hear the convention discuss the matter of a permit system and trusted that that would conclude to give some plan of range control a unified, systematic and continued support. He said it was essentially necessary that some system, almost any system, be adopted at once.

In treating the matter of stock drives, he said, it would be interesting for the convention to know that just prior to his leaving for Phoenix, Commissioner Tallman sent a wire relative to the driveway, or system of driveway, which some of the convention have referred to as the Sawyer Trail, or Sheep Trail. Following is the wire: "For your information in connection with the meeting at Phoenix, you are advised that February 4, Secretary withdrew stock driveway in central Arizona, following Quinn's original report, except in Range 2 east, where supplemental report was followed and recommended withdrawal of September, 1918." It will be appreciated, said Mr. Gibbs, that the driveway in question having been established by executive order of September 20, 1916, no less an authority than the president can revoke it.

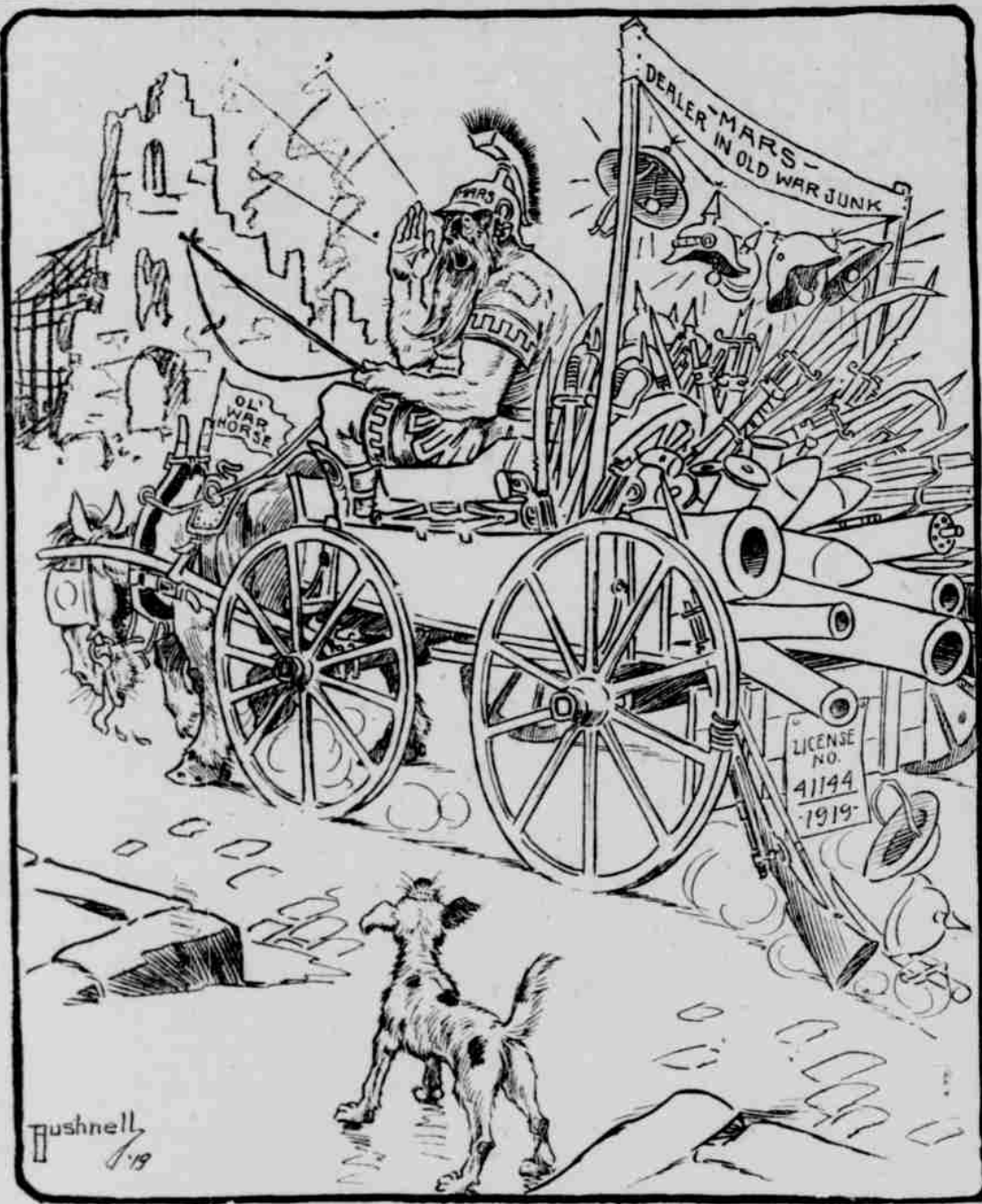
Destroy Predatory Animals

The next speech was by M. E. Musgrave, on "The Destruction of Predatory Animals." He pointed out that the main object of the biological survey was the destruction of predatory animals, which are some of the greatest destroyers of livestock to the man who must depend on the open range for his forage. He said that after studying range losses, he found that 2 per cent of the calf crop is taken by wild animals before they are branded and that most of the destruction can be attributed to coyotes. The loss in this state from predatory animals is about two million a year.

Poison the Coyotes

In closing, he said that poison campaigns against coyotes were being car-

"ANY OL' IRON—ANY BRASS—ANY STEEL, OL' SUBS ER SHELLS T'DAY?"



ried out on a very large scale on the sheep ranges of most of two western states, and the results have been good, as stockmen report finding dead coyotes by the thousands.

After these three speeches, the committee got down to the real business of the association. Henry Boyce of the finance department made a plea for funds, which was quickly responded to by all the members and everyone subscribed willingly to help pay the expenses of the organization which has done so much for the stockman.

Resolution Adopted

That the association heartily endorse the resolution passed by the American Livestock association to urge congress to appropriate the additional sum of \$100,000 for immediate use in the destruction of predatory wild animals and range destroying rodents, said money to be expended under the direction of the biological survey. Also to secure the adoption by the Arizona legislature of a memorial to congress, asking that the appropriation requested be made and that the sum of \$50,000 a year be appropriated to the use of the biological survey in the state of Arizona.

That the association protest against the taxable valuation of cattle from year to year without ample notice by the Arizona State Tax commission, and that they ask for the reduction of the same in accordance with the recommendation made by the tax conference in Phoenix in December last.

That the association endorse the act which is to be introduced in the Arizona state legislature to amend chapter 56 of the Laws of 1917 of the second special session of the state legislature by amending paragraphs 3741, 3742, 3746, and 3749 of said chapter, being more commonly known as the Slaughter bill.

That the association endorse resolution No. 5, passed by the American National Livestock association, and that they urge the senators and representatives to use their best efforts to secure federal regulation and control of the unappropriated public domain.

That the association express their deep appreciation for the work done by the market committee during the past year and tender it their co-operation and heartiest support.

Modify Passport Rules

That the association request the state department of the United States government to modify the passport rules and regulations to enable stockmen to carry on business in the state of Sonora, with the least possible hindrance in the operation of their business.

That the association request the treasury department to modify its rules and regulations relative to the exportation of cattle from the United States to the state of Sonora.

That the association request that the rules and regulations governing the introduction of cattle and hides from Mexico provide that ample opportunity be afforded for inspection at the border, so that if stolen cattle or hides are discovered they may be retained by the authorized authorities.

That the association protest against the opening of new areas on the forest reserves for the grazing of an additional number of goats.

That the association urge that some steps be taken to secure the fencing of such right-of-ways and the possible settlement of claims for the killing of live stock by railroads.

That the association endorse the policies and administration of the state land department during the past year.

That the association request the secretary of the interior to withhold any contemplated favorable action on any trails recommended and that such action be suspended until due notice be given this association before the creation of any trails so recommended.

That the association request that the sheep trail be not made permanent but be held under the temporary withdrawal order made on the 29th day of September, 1918 until this association can receive the necessary information.

Endorse Roads and Reclamation
That the association endorse any measures that may be taken for the immediate development of good roads,

KOPF WILL BOOST DODGERS' CHANCES

The officers for the ensuing year, unanimously elected, were: Charles P. Mullen, president, Skull Valley; N. C. Bernard, first vice president, Tucson; W. W. Cook, second vice president, Phoenix; John D. Parks, third vice president, Globe; H. J. McClung, treasurer, and F. E. Schneider, secretary.

By a unanimous vote Tucson was decided to be the next place of meeting.

That the association endorse any measures that will do away with the various smelters that do damage to the growth of the ranges.

That an additional sanitary board be appointed for the inspection and protection of livestock.

That the association endorse the soldier settlement and water conservation movements.

The officers for the ensuing year, unanimously elected, were: Charles P. Mullen, president, Skull Valley; N. C. Bernard, first vice president, Tucson; W. W. Cook, second vice president, Phoenix; John D. Parks, third vice president, Globe; H. J. McClung, treasurer, and F. E. Schneider, secretary.

By a unanimous vote Tucson was decided to be the next place of meeting.

WORST STORM OF YEAR GRIPS WEST

(Continued from Page One)

Canadian line. All details from the stricken section are lacking because there is no direct communication.

Pueblo Trains Stalled

PUEBLO, Colo., Feb. 12.—Trains on all railroads entering Pueblo from the east are completely tied up, according to reports from the railroad office tonight, and nothing definite can be announced as to how soon the blockade will be lifted. The Santa Fe trains are stalled by drifts east of Dodge City, while the Missouri Pacific railroad is blocked by the snow near Horace, Kan.

Chicago on Edge of It

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—Heavy snow, accompanied by extremely high winds, today demoralized telegraph and telephone communication from Chicago to the Pacific coast. Railroad traffic also suffered much delay from points west of Omaha and Kansas City.

The heaviest snowstorm reported was from Nebraska, where business in some towns was completely at a standstill and railway traffic had been temporarily abandoned.

So far as reported, the temperatures have not fallen much below freezing point and livestock has not suffered to any great extent.

SENATE RESENTS SECOND HAND NEWS

(Continued from Page One)

might be gained by Senator Lodge's comment on Premier Lloyd George's statement.

"It may be charged," said Senator Lewis, "that this country has to look to England for a statement of American policy. Such a statement, if accepted at its face value, would rob the president of the confidence of the people, who might assume the United States had yielded its policies to England."

In a matter where the allied council has acted, it is natural that any of the council should speak. The president has spoken the policy of the league of nations, Lloyd George spoke as one of the council of the policy of the council and was not speaking of the policy of this country.

Senator Lodge denied that Lloyd George was outlining the war council's policy and insisted that he was stating, if correctly quoted, the American policy.

"I suppose he got his information from the pressmen who he saw in Paris," said Mr. Lodge. "Not that he was dictating American policy, but he had information that we did not have."

Use The Republican Classified Pages for Results—Read for Profit.

WASHINGTON AWAITING WILSON

BREST, France, Feb. 12.—The U. S. S. George Washington arrived here today to carry President Wilson back to the United States. Twenty destroyers will join the George Washington on her return trip to the Azores.

Use The Republican Classified Pages for Results—Read for Profit.

KOPF WILL BOOST DODGERS' CHANCES

The officers for the ensuing year, unanimously elected, were: Charles P. Mullen, president, Skull Valley; N. C. Bernard, first vice president, Tucson; W. W. Cook, second vice president, Phoenix; John D. Parks, third vice president, Globe; H. J. McClung, treasurer, and F. E. Schneider, secretary.

By a unanimous vote Tucson was decided to be the next place of meeting.

That the association endorse any measures that will do away with the various smelters that do damage to the growth of the ranges.

That an additional sanitary board be appointed for the inspection and protection of livestock.

That the association endorse the soldier settlement and water conservation movements.

The officers for the ensuing year, unanimously elected, were: Charles P. Mullen, president, Skull Valley; N. C. Bernard, first vice president, Tucson; W. W. Cook, second vice president, Phoenix; John D. Parks, third vice president, Globe; H. J. McClung, treasurer, and F. E. Schneider, secretary.

By a unanimous vote Tucson was decided to be the next place of meeting.

WORST STORM OF YEAR GRIPS WEST

(Continued from Page One)

Canadian line. All details from the stricken section are lacking because there is no direct communication.

Pueblo Trains Stalled

PUEBLO, Colo., Feb. 12.—Trains on all railroads entering Pueblo from the east are completely tied up, according to reports from the railroad office tonight, and nothing definite can be announced as to how soon the blockade will be lifted. The Santa Fe trains are stalled by drifts east of Dodge City, while the Missouri Pacific railroad is blocked by the snow near Horace, Kan.

Chicago on Edge of It

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—Heavy snow, accompanied by extremely high winds, today demoralized telegraph and telephone communication from Chicago to the Pacific coast. Railroad traffic also suffered much delay from points west of Omaha and Kansas City.

The heaviest snowstorm reported was from Nebraska, where business in some towns was completely at a standstill and railway traffic had been temporarily abandoned.

So far as reported, the temperatures have not fallen much below freezing point and livestock has not suffered to any great extent.

SENATE RESENTS SECOND HAND NEWS

(Continued from Page One)

might be gained by Senator Lodge's comment on Premier Lloyd George's statement.

"It may be charged," said Senator Lewis, "that this country has to look to England for a statement of American policy. Such a statement, if accepted at its face value, would rob the president of the confidence of the people, who might assume the United States had yielded its policies to England."

In a matter where the allied council has acted, it is natural that any of the council should speak. The president has spoken the policy of the league of nations, Lloyd George spoke as one of the council of the policy of the council and was not speaking of the policy of this country.

Senator Lodge denied that Lloyd George was outlining the war council's policy and insisted that he was stating, if correctly quoted, the American policy.

"I suppose he got his information from the pressmen who he saw in Paris," said Mr. Lodge. "Not that he was dictating American policy, but he had information that we did not have."

Use The Republican Classified Pages for Results—Read for Profit.

WASHINGTON AWAITING WILSON

BREST, France, Feb. 12.—The U. S. S. George Washington arrived here today to carry President Wilson back to the United States. Twenty destroyers will join the George Washington on her return trip to the Azores.

Use The Republican Classified Pages for Results—Read for Profit.

Attention Cotton Growers

We can unload your cotton as fast as it is hauled to the gin.

Arizona Egyptian Cotton Co.

CONSUMERS DEMAND U. S. MEAT CONTROL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Government regulation and control of the meat industry was urged before the house interstate commerce committee today by Mrs. Florence Kelly, general secretary of the National Consumers league. She appeared after Francis J. Henry, former counsel for the federal trade commission, had finished presenting his views as to federal regulation.

Mrs. Kelly told the committee the consumers of the country were unanimously in favor of government intervention in the packing business, and that they would not "let congress rest" until definite action had been taken. She said that if the government would take control, prices of meat would be reduced and the poor would be able to buy it again.

Thousands of persons in the large cities have not tasted meat for years, Mrs. Kelly said.

Mr. Henry, in concluding his testimony said the extent of the activities of the five leading meat packers would prove a disadvantage to them, rather than advantage, if the government would take away the special privilege they possessed. He suggested the government take over the packers' refrigerator cars and stockyards and build cold storage plants in the large cities.

Use The Republican Classified Pages for Results—Read for Profit.

ARMY BILL VOTE DELAYED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—General debate on the \$1,100,000,000 army bill was closed today in the house and the measure taken up for amendment under the five-minute rule. Slow progress was made, however, and at adjournment tonight there was no indication when a final vote would be reached.

Universal military training was advocated by Representative Kahn of California, republican, who is expected to head the military committee in the next congress. He urged the training for six months of all youths when they attain their nineteenth birthday, and said the safest way to avoid attack was to be able to repel it.

It makes no difference what your wants may be, you can have them supplied by using and reading The Republican Classified pages—Arizona's Leading Advertising Medium.

SAVE ON SAVE
February 10-17

Bayless Bargains

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SPECIALS

You will always find our prices low, but we always try and give you extra bargains Friday and Saturday, watch for them, it pays.

FLOUR—Gold Bond Kansas hard wheat flour, every sack guaranteed satisfactory or your money back.

Gold Bond Flour, 24-lb Sack \$1.60
Gold Bond Flour, 48-lb Sack \$3.15

SPUDS

California Spuds, Per Hundred \$2.75
Fancy Colorado Spuds, Per Hundred \$3.00

Country Gentleman Corn, Per Can 15c
Crisco—9 lbs. Extra Large \$2.75
Wedge Coffee, 3-lb. Can \$1.00

Aunt Jimmie Pancake, Flour 15c
Takoma Biscuits Regular 20c, Our Price 15c

PASTRY DEPARTMENT

Honest to Goodness Home-Made Sugar Doughnuts, Per Dozen 25c
Home-Made Sugar Cookies, Per Dozen 15c

Try our Home-Made Pies and Cakes, they are fine

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE DEPARTMENT

Bananas, nice and ripe, red or yellow, Per lb. 11c
Fancy Cauliflower, 2 lbs. for 25c
Fancy Seedless Grapefruit, Dozen 20c, 30c, 40c, and 50c

Fresh California Green Peas, Per lb. 25c
New Crop South American Fresh Cocoanuts, 20c each 2 for 35c

Lunch at our Soda Fountain. All our Pastry is Home Made.

Bayless Grocery Co.

Phone your Delivery Orders to 3545-3591

Washington Street at First.

Mail Orders given Prompt and Careful Attention.

Conserving and Living Well

are both made possible and easy by the use of Grape-Nuts food as a daily ration.

This is a wonderful combination of our finest grains, rich in phosphates and calorie values, and most delicious. It is abundantly sweet with its own grain sugar. Ready to eat. No waste. "There's a Reason" for

Grape-Nuts